

Instruction manual



Unitor Welding Inverter UWI 230 TP AC/DC MMA (Stick) and TIG welder

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DO NOT INSTALL, OPERATE OR REPAIR THIS EQUIPMENT WITHOUT
READING THIS MANUAL INCLUDING THE SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Connects to any primary voltage between 195 and 265V without need for any action from the operator.

Line Voltage compensation keeps output of the power source constant regardless of fluctuation in input power from 10% below lowest to above highest rated input voltage.

Safe in use. Touchable Open Circuit Voltage only 9V, well below the 70V limit set by the Code of Safe Working Practices for Merchant Seamen.

Automatic Hot Start for stick arc starts makes arc striking easy and prevents electrode sticking.

Automatic Arc Force for stick electrode welding allows the arc characteristics to be changed for specific applications and electrodes.

Lift-Start in TIG mode provides easy and soft TIG arc starting.

Step-less adjustment of welding current through whole current range: 10 –180A in MMA mode, 5 – 200A in TIG mode.

Casing of high grade aluminium and industrial plastic to eliminate corrosion damage also contributes to low-weight which together with compact outer dimensions provides good portability.

Wind tunnel design for the internal cooling air flow protects electrical components and PC boards from dirt, dust, debris, greatly improving reliability.

Thermal overload protection with indicator lights helps prevent machine damage if the duty cycle is exceeded or airflow is blocked.

Total Protection function with indicator light prevents machine damage if the primary power supply exceeds 275V.

IDENTIFY COMPONENTS

Unitor Welding Inverter UWI 230TP AC/DC, product number 191- 230231 is delivered with

1	Carrying strap mounted on the machine	1 pce
2	4 m primary cable, mounted on the welding machine, whit shuko plug.	1 pce
3	Instruction Manual	1 pce



3



2. TECHNICAL DATA

		Wilhelmsen Ship Service AS Strandveien 20 - P O Box 33 N-1324 Lysaker NORWAY			
		Model: UWI 230 TP AC/DC			
S.n.					
1~		EN 60974-1/-3 EN 60974-10 Class A			
		10A/20.4V	180A/27.2V		
		X	40%	60%	100%
	$U_0=67V$ $U_i=10V$	I_2	180A	150A	120A
		U_2	27.2V	26.0V	24.8V
		5A/10.2V	220A/18.8V		
		X	35%	60%	100%
	$U_0=67V$ $U_i=10V$	I_2	220A	180A	160A
		U_2	18.8V	17.2V	16.4V
	1~	U_1		I_{max}	30.0A
	50 / 60Hz			I_{eff}	18.9A
IP 23S	I.C.L.H.	230V		I_{max}	25.7A
COOLING AF				I_{eff}	16.3A
					RoHS

Type of welding machine



One-phase static transformer rectifier frequency converter, DC output.

Processes



MMA (Stick electrode / SMAW)



TIG DC (GTAW)



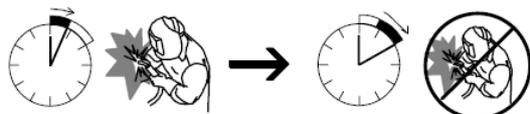
TIG (GTAW) ALUMINUM

Safety Marking



Suitable for use in areas with increased electric shock hazard

X: Duty cycle



Duty Cycle is percentage of 10 minutes that unit can weld at rated load without overheating. It refers to a 40°C environmental temperature. If unit overheats a thermal switch stops the output, the warning light for over-temperature is lit and the cooling fan continues to run. Wait fifteen minutes for unit to cool. Reduce amperage or duty cycle before starting to weld.

I₂= Welding current.

Range 10 – 180A in MMA process; 5 – 220A in TIG processes.

U_r = No-load voltage

Is the voltage between welding terminals (touchable voltage) when the machine is idle and equipped with a voltage reduction function for operator safety. Low value means high operator safety, and with this in mind this machine satisfies the world's strictest regulation: AS 1674.2-2007 Safety in welding and allied processes (Australian standard) which allows for maximum 35V.

U₀ = Arc striking voltage

When electrode touches work piece the U_r voltage will within a split second jump to this value. It is important that this value is high enough to enable quick and easy arc start for all welding consumables.

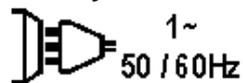
U₂ = Arc voltage

Voltage present between the output outlets when welding is being carried out, in relation to a particular set current. The relation, for the various welding modes is the following:

MMA → U₂ = (20 + 0,04 * I₂)

TIG → U₂ = (10 + 0,04 * I₂)

Primary connection



U₁ = Effective input voltage 230V

I_{1max} = Maximum value of input current at the corresponding duty cycle.

I_{1eff} = Effective value of input current at the corresponding duty cycle.

Cooling

COOLING AF= Forced air cooling (with a fan).

Protection class

IP23S= Ingress Protection class. Protection degree of the casing according to EN 60529

2: Protection against intrusion of object greater than 12,5mm in diameter

3: Protection from sprayed water at an angle of 60° from vertical

S: Valid at standstill. (Should not be used for welding outdoors in heavy wind and rain)

Thermal insulation class

I.CL.H= Thermal class of the insulating materials and insulation systems.
resistant up to 180°C.

Standards

EN 60974-10 European Norm for electromagnetic compatibility.

EN 60974-1 European Norm for arc welding appliance: Current sources for welding.

 Mark stating conformity to all safety standards and other standards required for sale within the European Union

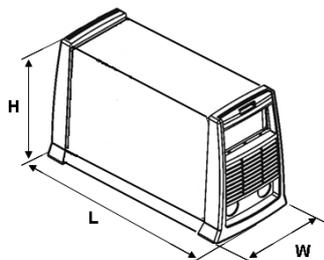
Dimensions and weight

Height : 325mm

Length : 460mm

Width : 230mm

Weight : 19,4kg



3. INSTALLATION

Only qualified personnel should perform this installation.

Only personnel that have read and understood this Manual should install and operate this equipment.

Machine must only be plugged into a receptacle which is grounded in accordance with valid regulations.

Note

The power switch should be in the OFF position when installing work cable and electrode cable and when connecting power cord to input power.

Select a suitable location

The UWI 230 TP AC/DC inverter welder has an IP23S rating. Locate the welder in a dry location where there is free circulation of clean air into the louvers in the back and out the front of the unit.

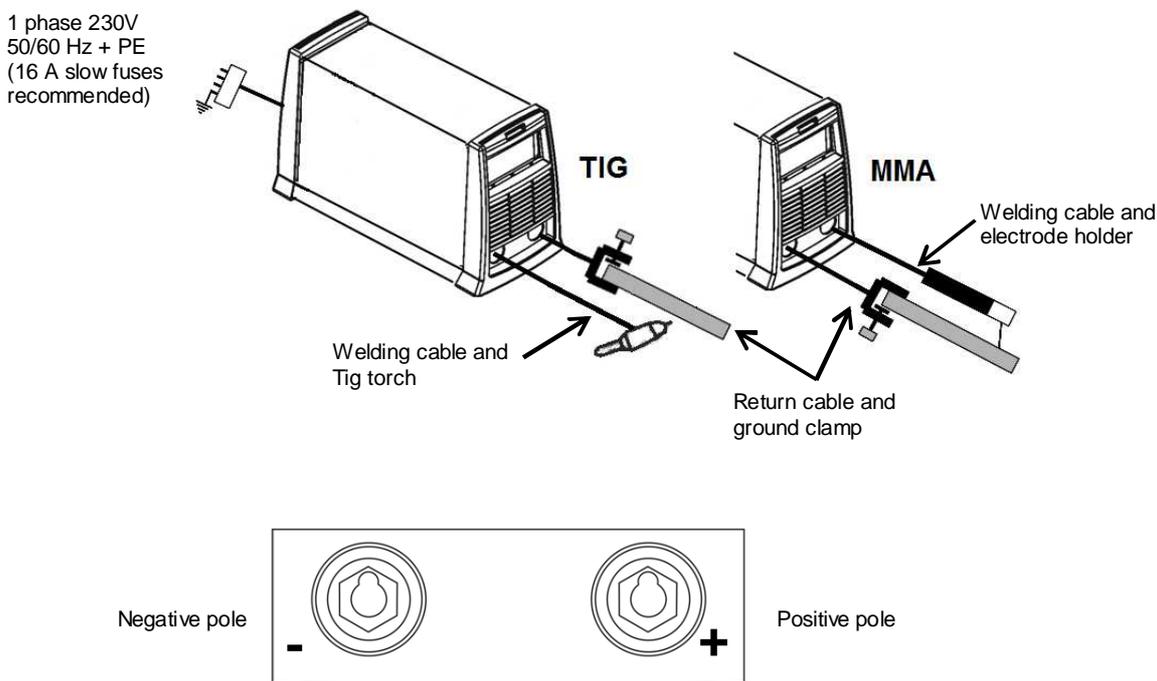
Ensure minimum 50cm free space on all sides. If free flow of air is hindered the machine will overheat.

A location that minimizes the amount of smoke and dirt drawn into the louvers reduces the chance of dirt accumulation that can block air passages and cause overheating.

Avoid tilting

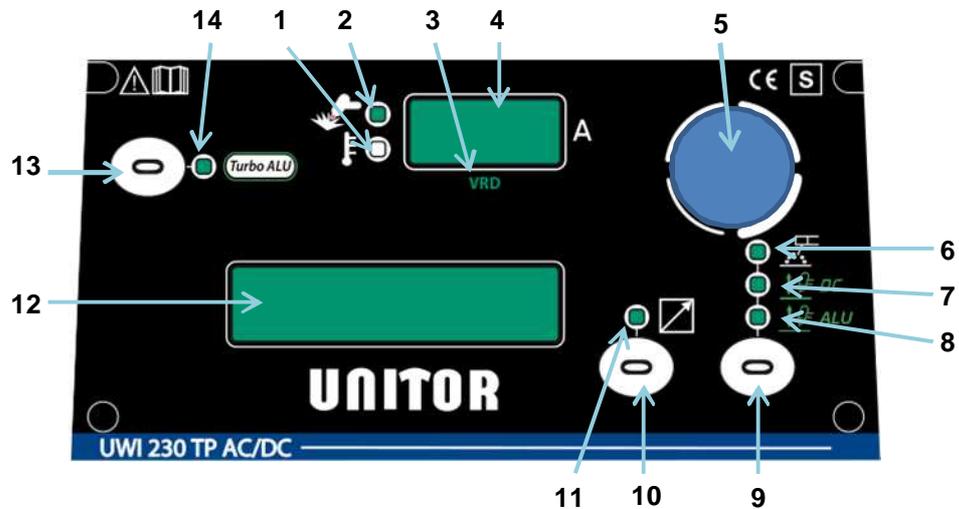
The machine must be placed on a secure, level surface, maximum 15° out of horizontal.

Assembly



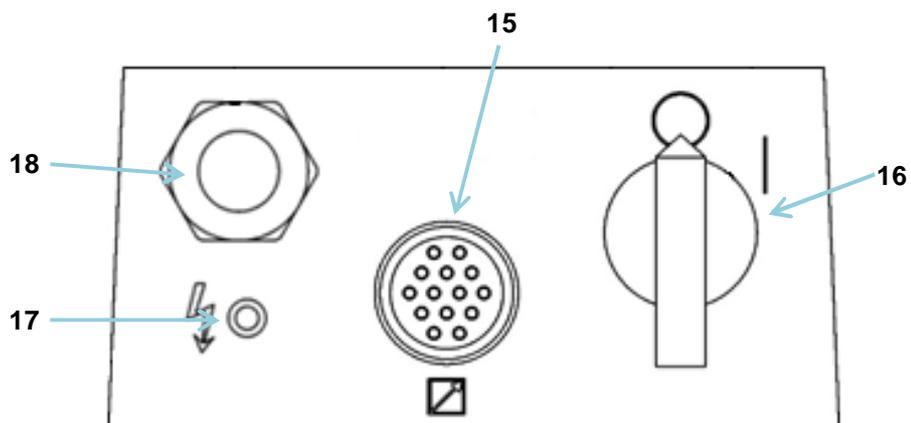
Select polarity to electrode based on recommendations on the electrode package and the job at hand. For GTAW (TIG) welding negative (-) polarity should always be to the torch.

4. FRONT AND BACK PANEL



Description

1. Thermal protection activated. Yellow light indicates that the protection thermostat has cut the output. Do not switch the machine off. The fan will be running and the thermostat resets automatically when the machine has cooled down sufficiently. The light will darken when the machine is live again.
2. Power signal. When lit this shows the presence of power on the output sockets.
3. Active VRD signal. When lit this shows that the Voltage Reducing Device is active, reducing the voltage across the welding sockets. This will happen within 2 seconds after the welding arc is broken to protect the welder from electric shock. Full arc striking voltage will automatically be re-established when the welding circuit is re-established by touching the electrode to the work-piece
4. The display show the value of the welding current.
5. Welding current adjustment encoder. Rotate knob clockwise to increase amperage, minimum to 180 Ampere in MMA; minimum to 220 Ampere in TIG.
6. SMAW (MMA) signal. When lit this shows the selection of electrode process.
7. GTAW (TIG) DC signal. When lit this shows the selection of TIG DC process.
8. GTAW (TIG) ALU signal. When lit this shows the selection of TIG ALU process for aluminum welding.
9. Selection of welding process:
 - SMAW (MMA) welding with stick electrodes
 - GTAW (TIG) DC welding.
 - GTAW (TIG) ALU welding.
10. Selection of welding current adjustment
 - On front panel
 - With remote control
11. Remote control signal. When lit this shows the selection of Remote Control.
12. The display shows the various welding processes relative to the selected process.
13. Selection of Turbo ALU function
14. Turbo ALU signal. When lit this shows the selection of Turbo ALU. This function increases welding speed and penetration on aluminum welding.



15. Socket for remote control.

16. On/Off switch

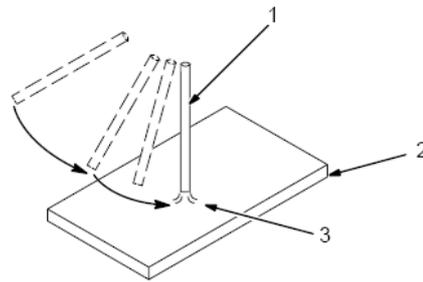
17. When lit this warning light indicates that the Total Protection function has been activated and input power has been cut because it has exceeded 285V ac.

18. Primary cable, 3 core 2,5mm², 4m long.

5. WELDING

MMA (SMAW stick electrode) welding

Select MMA welding.
 Connect ground (return) cable with good contact to the work piece.
 Select polarity and amperage as recommended for the electrode and start arc as follows:
 Drag electrode across work piece like striking a Match and lift electrode slightly after touching work.
 If arc goes out electrode was lifted to high.
 If electrode sticks to work piece, use a quick twist to free it.



- 1 Electrode
- 2 Workpiece
- 3 Arc

Hot start

The machine has automatic Hot Start for stick electrode welding. This makes arc striking easier and reduces the possibility of electrode sticking

Arc Force

Automatic Arc Force 50% for stick electrode welding provides optimal arc characteristics for various electrodes.

TIG (GTAW) welding

Select TIG process and connect TIG torch to negative (-) terminal on the machine. The torch should preferably have gas valve on the handle. Connect ground (return) cable with good contact to the work piece.

When the TIG process is selected normal open-circuit voltage is not present before tungsten electrode touches and lifts from work piece. Only a low sensing voltage is present between electrode and work piece.
 The solid-state output contactor does not energize until after electrode is touching work piece. This allows the electrode to touch the work piece without overheating, sticking, getting contaminated or contaminate the work piece.

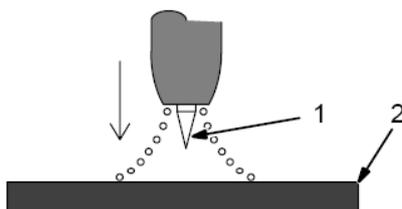
Start the arc as follows:

Turn gas on.

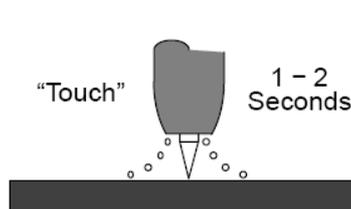
Touch tungsten electrode to workpiece at weld start point.

Hold electrode to workpiece for 1-2 seconds, and slowly lift electrode.

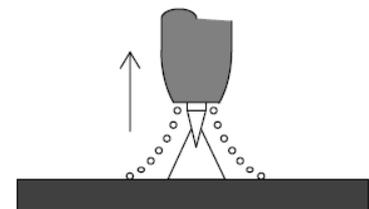
The arc is formed when the electrode is lifted.



- 1 Electrode
- 2 Workpiece



Touch the electrode to the work piece. Only sensing voltage will be present



Lift carefully and the arc will be establish

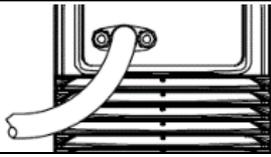
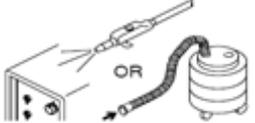
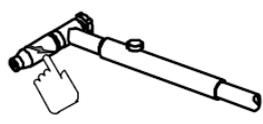
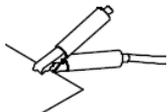
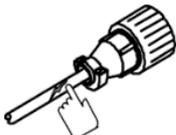
6. PARALLEL CONNECTION

Two pcs UWI-230 TP AC/DC may be parallel connected and will then supply up to 360A current for stick electrode welding. This is done as follows:

- Set both machines to MMA welding.
- Set both machines to remote control and if extensions are necessary use same length remote control cables from each machine to the work site where the remote control parallel connection kit, product number **676973**, is used to connect both machines to the same remote control
- If remote control is not used both machines should be set to the same ampere value on the displays, half of the required value for the electrode
- Return cables from both machines should be of equal length and clamps should be connected close together directly on a clean part of the work-piece. 70mm² cable is recommended. NB! Same polarity for both on the welding machines.
- Welding cables from both machines must be of equal length to the work site where the parallel connecting three-way connector DIX70 male-female-female, product number **632901** is used to connect both machines to the same electrode holder.



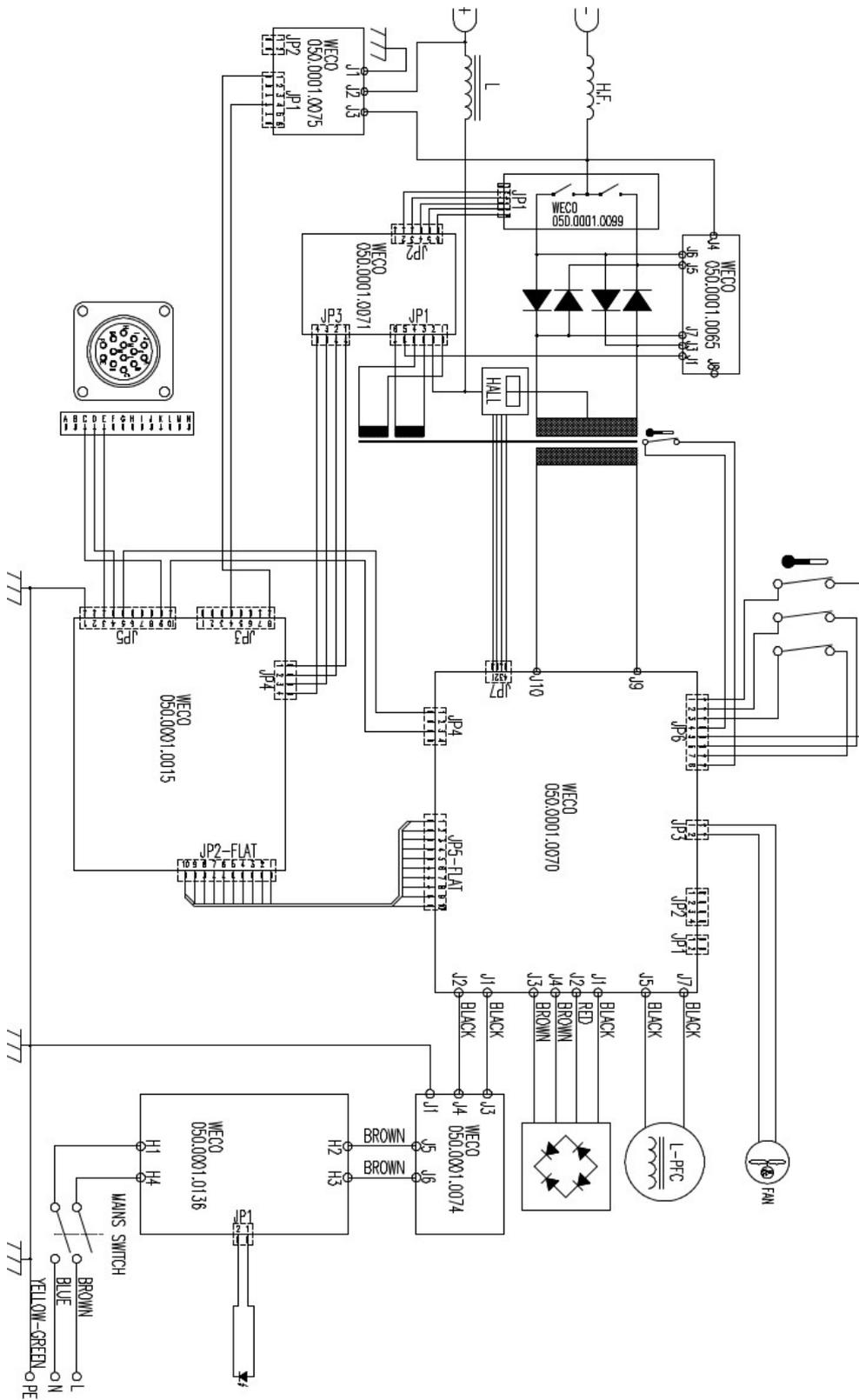
7. ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

Checkpoint		Action	Interval
Primary plug and socket		Check connections and stretch relief	3 months or more often if needed
Primary cable		Check for damage and replace if necessary	3 months or more often if needed
Primary cable stretch relief and connection		Check for damage and tightness	3 months or more often if needed
Labels		Replace damaged or unreadable labels	3 months or more often if needed
Internal dust and dirt		Blow out or vacuum inside	6 months or more often if needed
Welding current sockets		Check and clean	3 months or more often if needed
Cable connectors		Check, clean if needed and tighten	Prior to use / every 3 months
Welding cables		Repair or replace if damaged	Prior to use / every 3 months
Electrode holders and torches		Check, clean and replace if damaged	Prior to use / every 3 months
Ground clamps		Check tightness and clean contact points	Prior to use / every 3 months
Remote controls, if relevant.		Check function and condition of cables	3 months or more often if needed

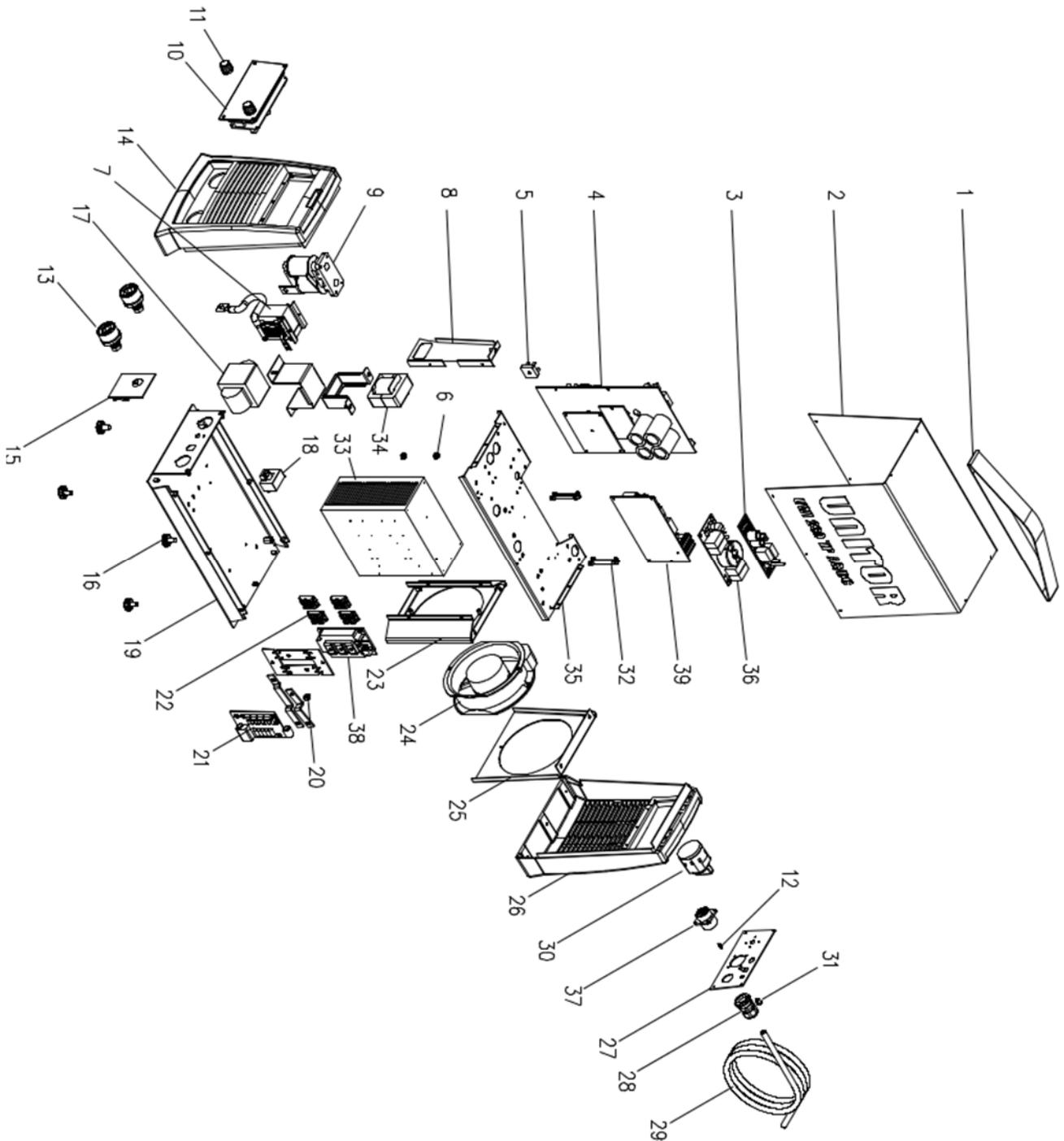
8. TROUBLESHOOTING

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE REASON	SOLUTION
No output, no warning light, fan not running	Primary power does not reach the machine	Mains fuses blown
		Machine is not plugged in
		Broken primary cable
		Cable connection to machine is loose
		Machine not switched on
		On/off switch damaged
No output, yellow warning light	Thermal protection activated	Used at too high duty cycle, wait until machine has cooled down and power returns. Weld with more breaks or lower current
		Cooling air flow is hindered, remove obstructions
		Heat development in loose electrode holder or ground cable connections
		Broken fan, repair or replace
		Too much dirt in power source compartment, clean out.
No output, red warning light in the rear panel	Voltage protection activated	Too high or too low input voltage, should be within 190 - 265V
No arc, no warning light	Incomplete circuit	Check ground cable connections and torch connection
Unstable arc	Polarity	Check that polarity set on the machine matches the wire
	Poor contact	Check ground clamp and torch connections
	Contaminated work piece	Clean

9. WIRING DIAGRAM



10.COMPONENTS AND SPARES



No.	Code	Item Name
1	005.0001.0007	Belt
2	011.0001.0156	Upper cover
3	050.0001.0136	Overcut board
4	050.0002.0070	Power board
5	032.0001.3506	Rectifier bridge
6	040.0003.0075	Thermal switch
7	044.0004.0025	Output inductance
8	011.0008.0029	Lateral plate
9	010.0002.0004	Inversion inductance
10	050.5037.2400	Logic front panel
11	014.0002.0003	Knob
12	022.0002.0206	Led cable
13	021.0001.0259	Fixed socket 400A
14	010.0006.0038	Front plastic panel
15	050.0001.0075	Output filter board
16	016.0009.0003	Rubber foot
17	042.0003.0049	Power transformer
18	041.0004.0300	Hall sensor
19	011.0008.0001	Lower cover
20	040.0003.0075	Thermal switch
21	050.0002.0065	Snubber board
22	032.0002.2006	Diode
23	011.0008.0011	Internal fan support
24	003.0002.0004	Fan
25	011.0008.0010	External fan support
26	010.0006.0034	Rear plastic panel
27	013.0000.7005	Rear panel
28	045.0000.0007	Cable clamp
29	045.0002.0008	Supply cable
30	040.0001.0011	Single-phase switch
31	016.4107.0001	Led cap
32	016.0010.0001	Board support
33	015.0001.0006	Heat sink
34	044.0004.0017	Boost inductor
35	011.0008.0031	Upper plate
36	050.0001.0074	Line filter board
37	022.0002.0304	Remote control cable
38	050.0001.0099	IGBT module
39	050.0003.0071	Inversion board

Spare part kit for UWI-230TP AC/DC includes power board, inversion board, necessary additional components and complete instructions for replacement Order no191-230233

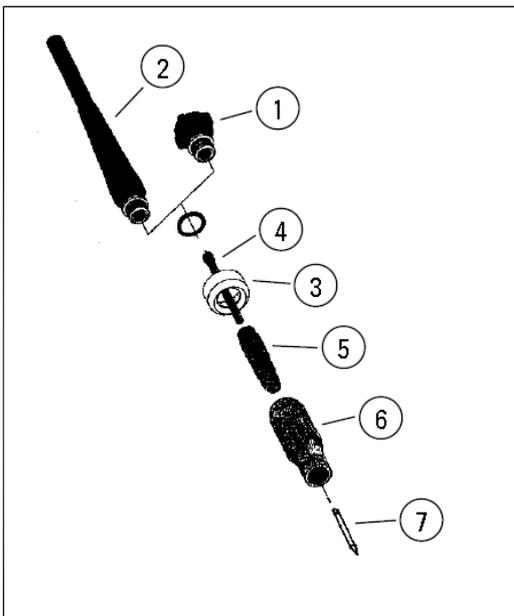
For ordering spares please state:

Model: UWI 230 TP AC/DC
Serial no:
Pos no:
Code:

11.ACCESSORIES

Basic accessories for UWI-230 TP AC/DC	
Basic accessories kit for UWI-230 TP AC/DC	196 670406
Consisting of: (Order numbers to be used when re-ordering)	
Flip-Vision shield with flip-up frame, head band and filter shade 11 glass	196 709485
Long lined welding gloves, 1 pair (re-ordering number is for 6 pairs)	196 632786
Electrode holder with 3m cable and connector	196 594325
Ground clamp with 3m cable and connector	196 594317
Wire brush, steel, 2 rows, 1 pcs (re-ordering number is for 6 pcs)	196 632976
Chipping hammer steel, 1 pcs (re-ordering number is for 2pcs)	196 633008
Remote control with 8m cable	191 670414
Cable Extensions	
Welding cable 50mm ² (max 20m extension is recommended), per m	195 175844
Cable connector DIX 70 male – female for welding cable extension	195 632893
Remote control cable extension, 25m	191 670422
TIG welding Accessories for UWI-230 TP AC/DC	
Specially thin and soft TIG gloves, 6 pairs	197 632794
TIG-torch T-200 with gas valve and DIX 70 connector	197 200000
Accessories kit for TIG-torch	197 607810
Argon regulator with flow adjustment 0-32 l/min	197 510010
Flow control meter for use at torch nozzle	197 597328
Flow control needle valve for gas flow adjustment	197 597310
Argon for TIG shielding is available in 10 l cylinders (E-10) and 50 l cylinders (E-50)	

TIG torch T-200 Order number 197-200000



Pos.	Order number	Unit	Product description
1	197-551192	pcs	Short back-cap
2	197-551200	pcs	Long back-cap
3	197-613767	pcs	Heat shield
4	197-551168	pcs	Collet 1.6mm
4	197-551150	pcs	Collet 2.4mm
5	197-551184	pcs	Collet body 1.6 mm
5	197-551176	pcs	Collet body 2.4 mm
6	197-551135	pcs	Alumina nozzle 6
6	197-551127	pcs	Alumina nozzle 7
7	197-674710	pck	Tungsten electrode (10 pcs) 1.6 mm alloyed for DC welding
7	197-674736	pck	Tungsten electrode (10 pcs) 2.4 mm alloyed for DC welding

12. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Arc Welding Hazards

The safety information given below is only a summary of the more complete safety information found in the Safety Standards listed in Section 1-5. Read and follow all Safety Standards.

Only qualified persons should install, operate, maintain, and repair this unit. During operation, keep everybody, especially children, away.

ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

Touching live electrical parts can cause fatal shocks or severe burns. The electrode and work circuit is electrically live whenever the output is on. The input power circuit and machine internal circuits are also live when power is on. In semiautomatic or automatic wire welding, the wire, wire reel, drive roll housing, and all metal parts touching the welding wire are electrically live. Incorrectly installed or improperly grounded equipment is a hazard.

Do not touch live electrical parts. Wear dry, hole-free insulating gloves and body protection. Insulate yourself from work and ground using dry insulating mats or covers big enough to prevent any physical contact with the work or ground. Do not use AC output in damp areas, if movement is confined, or if there is a danger of falling. Use AC output ONLY if required for the welding process. If AC output is required, use remote output control if present on unit.

Disconnect input power before installing or servicing this equipment. Always verify the supply ground – check and be sure that input power cord ground wire is properly connected to ground terminal in the cord plug and that the plug is connected to a properly grounded receptacle outlet. When making input connections, attach proper grounding conductor first – double-check connections. Frequently inspect input power cord for damage or bare wiring –replace cord immediately if damaged – bare wiring can kill. Turn off all equipment when not in use.

Do not use worn, damaged, undersized, or poorly spliced cables. Do not drape cables over your body. If earth grounding of the work-piece is required, ground it directly with a separate cable. Do not touch electrode if you are in contact with the work, ground, or another electrode from a different machine.

Use only well-maintained equipment. Repair or replace damaged parts at once. Maintain unit according to manual. Wear a safety harness if working above floor level. Keep all panels and covers securely in place. Clamp work cable with good metal-to-metal contact to work-piece or worktable as near the weld as practical. Insulate work clamp when not connected to work-piece to prevent contact with any metal object. Do not connect more than one electrode or work cable to any single weld output terminal.

SIGNIFICANT DC VOLTAGE exists after removal of input power on inverters. Turn off inverter, disconnect input power, and discharge input capacitors before touching any parts

FUMES AND GASES can be hazardous.

Welding produces fumes and gases. Breathing these fumes and gases can be hazardous to your health. Keep your head out of the fumes. Do not breathe the fumes. If inside, ventilate the area and/or use exhaust at the arc to remove welding fumes and gases. If ventilation is poor, use an approved air-supplied respirator. Read the Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) and the manufacturer's instructions for metals, consumables, coatings, cleaners, and degreasers. Work in a confined space only if it is well ventilated, or while wearing an air-supplied respirator. Always have a trained watchperson nearby. Welding fumes and gases can displace air and lower the oxygen level causing injury or death. Be sure the breathing air is safe. Do not weld in locations near degreasing, cleaning, or spraying operations. The heat and rays of the arc can react with vapors to form highly toxic and irritating gases. Do not weld on coated metals, such as galvanized, lead, or cadmium plated steel, unless the coating is removed from the weld area, the area is well ventilated, and if necessary, while wearing an air-supplied respirator. The coatings and any metals containing these elements can give off toxic fumes if welded.

ARC RAYS can burn eyes and skin.

Arc rays from the welding process produce intense visible and invisible (ultraviolet and infrared) rays that can burn eyes and skin. Sparks fly off from the weld. Wear a welding helmet fitted with a proper shade of filter to protect your face and eyes when welding or watching. Wear approved safety glasses with side shields under your helmet. Use protective screens or barriers to protect others from flash and glare; warn others not to watch the arc. Wear protective clothing made from durable, flame-resistant material (leather and wool) and foot protection.

WELDING can cause fire or explosion.

Welding on closed containers, such as tanks, drums, or pipes, can cause them to blow up. Sparks can fly off from the welding arc. The flying sparks, hot workpiece, and hot equipment can cause fires and burns. Accidental contact of electrode to metal objects can cause sparks, explosion, overheating, or fire. Check and be sure the area is safe before doing any welding. Protect yourself and others from flying sparks and hot metal. Do not weld where flying sparks can strike flammable material. Remove all flammables within 35 ft (10.7 m) of the welding arc. If this is not possible, tightly cover them with approved covers. Be alert that welding sparks and hot materials from welding can easily go through small cracks and openings to adjacent areas. Watch for fire, and keep a fire extinguisher nearby. Be aware that welding on a ceiling, floor, bulkhead, or partition can cause fire on the hidden side. Do not weld on closed containers such as tanks, drums, or pipes, unless they are properly prepared. Connect work cable to the work as close to the welding area as practical to prevent welding current from travelling long, possibly unknown paths and causing electric shock and fire hazards. Do not use welder to thaw frozen pipes. Remove stick electrode from holder or cut off welding wire at contact tip when not in use. Wear oil-free protective garments such as leather gloves, heavy shirt, cuff-less trousers, high shoes, and a cap. Remove any combustibles, such as a butane lighter or matches, from your person before doing any welding.

FLYING METAL can injure eyes.

Welding, chipping, wire brushing, and grinding cause sparks and flying metal. As welds cool, they can throw off slag. Wear approved safety glasses with side shields even under your welding helmet.

BUILDUP OF GAS can injure or kill.

Shut off shielding gas supply when not in use. Always ventilate confined spaces or use approved air-supplied respirator.

HOT PARTS can cause severe burns.

Do not touch hot parts bare handed. Allow cooling period before working on gun or torch.

MAGNETIC FIELDS can affect pacemakers.

Pacemaker wearers keep away. Wearers should consult their doctor before going near arc welding, gouging, or spot welding operations.

NOISE can damage hearing.

Noise from some processes or equipment can damage hearing. Wear approved ear protection if noise level is high.

CYLINDERS can explode if damaged.

Shielding gas cylinders contain gas under high pressure. If damaged, a cylinder can explode. Since gas cylinders are normally part of the welding process, be sure to treat them carefully. Protect compressed gas cylinders from excessive heat, mechanical shocks, slag, open flames, sparks, and arcs. Install cylinders in an upright position by securing to a stationary support or cylinder rack to prevent falling or tipping. Keep cylinders away from any welding or other electrical circuits. Never drape a welding torch over a gas cylinder. Never allow a welding electrode to touch any cylinder. Never weld on a pressurized cylinder – explosion will result. Use only correct shielding gas cylinders, regulators, hoses, and fittings designed for the specific application; maintain them and associated parts in good condition. Turn face away from valve outlet when opening cylinder valve. Keep protective cap in place over valve except when cylinder is in use or connected for use. Read and follow instructions on compressed gas cylinders, associated equipment, and CGA publication P-1 listed in Safety Standards.

Additional precautions for installation, operation, and maintenance

Do not install or place unit on, over, or near combustible surfaces. Do not install unit near flammables. Do not overload building wiring – be sure power supply system is properly sized, rated, and protected to handle this unit.

FALLING UNIT can cause injury.

Use lifting eye to lift unit only, NOT running gear, gas cylinders, or any other accessories. Use equipment of adequate capacity to lift and support unit. If using lift forks to move unit, be sure forks are long enough to extend beyond opposite side of unit.

OVERUSE can cause OVERHEATING

Allow cooling period; follow rated duty cycle. Reduce current or reduce duty cycle before starting to weld again. Do not block or filter airflow to unit.

STATIC (ESD) can damage PC boards.

Put on grounded wrist strap BEFORE handling boards or parts. Use proper static-proof bags and boxes to store, move, or ship PC boards.

MOVING PARTS can cause injury.

Keep away from moving parts. Keep away from pinch points such as drive rolls.

WELDING WIRE can cause injury.

Do not press gun trigger until instructed to do so. Do not point gun toward any part of the body, other people, or any metal when threading welding wire.

MOVING PARTS can cause injury.

Keep away from moving parts such as fans. Keep all doors, panels, covers, and guards closed and securely in place.

H.F. RADIATION can cause interference.

High-frequency (H.F.) can interfere with radio navigation, safety services, computers, and communications equipment. Have only qualified persons familiar with electronic equipment perform this installation.

The user is responsible for having a qualified electrician promptly correct any interference problem resulting from the installation.

If notified about interference, stop using the equipment at once. Have the installation regularly checked and maintained. Keep high-frequency source doors and panels tightly shut, keep spark gaps at correct setting, and use grounding and shielding to minimize the possibility of interference.

ARC WELDING can cause interference.

Electromagnetic energy can interfere with sensitive electronic equipment such as computers and computer-driven equipment such as robots.

Be sure all equipment in the welding area is electromagnetically compatible.

To reduce possible interference, keep weld cables as short as possible, close together, and down low, such as on the floor.

Locate welding operation 100 meters from any sensitive electronic equipment.

Be sure this welding machine is installed and grounded according to this manual.

If interference still occurs, the user must take extra measures such as moving the welding machine, using shielded cables, using line filters, or shielding the work area.

EMF Information

Considerations about welding and the effects of low frequency electric and magnetic fields.

Welding current, as it flows through welding cables, will cause electromagnetic fields.

There has been and still is some concern about such fields.

However, after examining more than 500 studies spanning 17 years of research, a special blue ribbon committee of the National Research Council concluded that: "The body of evidence, in the committee's judgment, has not demonstrated that exposure to power-frequency electric and magnetic fields is a human-health hazard."

However, studies are still going forth and evidence continues to be examined. Until the final conclusions of the research are reached, you may wish to minimize your exposure to electromagnetic fields when welding or cutting.

To reduce magnetic fields in the workplace, use the following procedures:

1. Keep cables close together by twisting or taping them.
2. Arrange cables to one side and away from the operator.
3. Do not coil or drape cables around your body.
4. Keep welding power source and cables as far away from operator as practical.
5. Connect work clamp to workpiece as close to the weld as possible.

About Pacemakers:

Pacemaker wearers consult your doctor first. If cleared by your doctor, then following the above procedures is recommended.

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY



**UNITOR
WELDING
INVERTER
UWI 230 TP
AC/DC**

We hereby state that the machine type

**2004/108/CEE
2006/95/CE
2011/65/EU**

is in compliance with the directives

**EN 60974-1
EN 60974-10**

and that the following standards apply

**WECO srl
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E-mail info@weco.it - www.weco.it
P. IVA 02783960244 - C.F. 02710490281
Reg. Impr. VI n° 52214 - R.E.A. N° 274736
Capitale sociale i.v. € 52.000,00**

Belvedere, 30/09/2015

Amm. Giorgio TONIOLO

USE THE UNITOR WELDING HANDBOOK FOR MARITIME WELDERS



You can download it here

<http://www.wilhelmsen.com/services/maritime/companies/buss/DocLit/ProductLiterature/Pages/Maintenanceandrepair.aspx>

...or contact Wilhelmsen Ships Service for a paper copy

Instruction manual & spare part list

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 Port Of Quebec Port Weller Powell River Prince Rupert Roberts Bank Sa
 halifax Squamish St. Catherines St.john's, Nfld St.romuald Stephenville
 Vancouver Victoria Weymouth Windsor Yarmouth Ancud / Laitec Antofa
 Huasco Las Ventanas Lirquen Lota Penco Puerto Montt Puerto Williams Punta Arenas Quintero San Antonio San Vicente Talcahuano
 Tocopilla Valparaiso Antilla Bahia Honda Banos Baracoa Cabanas Caibarien Cardenas Casilda Ceiba Hueca Cienfuegos Guantanamo
 Guayabal Havana Isabel De Sagua Manati Mariel Media Luna Moa Nicaro Niquero Nuevitas Pilon Puerto Padre Santiago De Cuba Siglo
Genoa Finn Tanamo Tunas De Zaza Vita Balao Esmeraldas Guayaquil La Libertad Manta Puerto Bolivar Freeport/bahamas Guam
 Mahdia Acapulco Campeche Ciudad Del Carmen Coatzacoaloos Cozumel Dos Bocas Ensenada Guaymas La Paz Lazaro Cardenas
 Mazatlan Progreso Puerto Vallarta Salina Cruz Tampico Topolobampo Tuxpan Vera Cruz Bonaire Bullen Bay Curacao Aguadulce
 Almirante Armuelles Bahia Las Minas Balboa Cristobal Manzanillo Int.term. Vacamonte Callao Chimbote Ilo Matarani Paita Pisco
 Guayama Guayanilla Mayaguez Ponce San Juan Yabucoa St. Vincent Chaguaramas La Brea Point Fortin Pointe-a-pierre
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 Kaskinen/kasko Kemi Kemio Kokkola/karleby Kotka Koverhar Kristinestad Lappvik Lovisa Mariehamn Merikarvia Nystad Naantali Oulu
 Pargas Pori Porvoo/borgaa Rauma Raahe/brahestad Skoeldvik Tammissaari Teijo Tolkis Torneaa Turku Valkom/valko Vaasa Akureyri
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